



YOUR INSPECTION REPORT

Inspection, Education, Knowledge.

PREPARED BY:

ADAM HANNAN



FOR THE PROPERTY AT:

127 Emerson Avenue Toronto, ON M6H 3S7

PREPARED FOR: GILLIAN RITCHIE

INSPECTION DATE:

Thursday, September 11, 2025



THE INSPECTION PROFESSIONALS

THE INSPECTION PROFESSIONALS, INC. 3120 Rutherford Rd. Concord, ON L4K 0B2

416-725-5568 HST# 89249 4501 RT0001

www.inspectionpros.ca adam@inspectionpros.ca







September 15, 2025

Dear Gillian Ritchie,

RE: Report No. 8551, v.3 127 Emerson Avenue Toronto, ON M6H 3S7

Thank you for choosing The Inspection Professionals to perform your Property Inspection. You can navigate the report by clicking the tabs at the top of each page. The Reference tab includes a 500-page Reference Library.

The Inspection Professionals (TIP) is a certified multi-inspector award-winning company founded by Adam Hannan. Since 2006, Adam has performed thousands of residential and commercial inspections and has become a respected expert in his field. Adam has a passion for education and has been an inspection instructor teaching at Community Colleges and Universities since 2009.

Adam is a Certified Master Inspector and member of the International Association of Certified Home Inspectors (CPI # NACHI07020704)

"We inspect every home as if we were buying it for ourselves. We care about our clients and we strive to exceed expectations. We offer a professional unbiased opinion of the current performance of the home regardless of who we are working for."

-Adam

BUYERS -

An Onsite Review is an essential component to a complete home inspection. In order to more thoroughly familiarize yourself with the property and our findings, please book an Onsite Review at your convenience by calling (416) 725-5568. Once we have completed the Onsite Review, we will transfer the inspection report to the buyer. The fee for this service is only \$295. A full phone report review is also available.

Sincerely,

ADAM HANNAN on behalf of THE INSPECTION PROFESSIONALS, INC.

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SUMMARY

Report No. 8551, v.3

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

www.inspectionpros.ca INSULATION SUMMARY ROOFING **EXTERIOR** STRUCTURE **HEATING** COOLING **PLUMBING** INTERIOR MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

HIGHLIGHTS:

This 1910 semi-detached home is in above average condition overall compared to homes of similar age and style. No significant structural performance-related concerns were observed at the time of inspection.

The roof covering includes a newly installed modified bitumen flat roof and a front peak roof reported to be approximately 10 years old. The soffits, eaves, and downspouts are new.

The HVAC system consists of a high-efficiency furnace (approx. 10 years old) and a central air conditioner (approx. 7 years old).

A tankless water heater, installed approximately 6 years ago, provides domestic hot water.

The electrical service is 100 amps with substantially upgraded copper wiring throughout.

The windows tested were in good condition, and the exterior cladding features exposed aggregate panel siding.

The home has been well maintained at both the exterior and interior, with numerous updates and renovations throughout.

The seller reported that both interior and exterior foundation waterproofing systems have been installed, a valuable improvement measure for a home of this age.

As is typical for homes of this age, there is a mix of newer and older systems and components.

IMPORTANT NOTES ABOUT THIS REPORT

This summary outlines some of the potentially significant issues that may require short-term attention due to cost, safety, or performance concerns. This section is provided as a courtesy only and is not a substitute for reading the entire report. Please review the full report in detail.

It is not possible for a home inspector to predict the future. We recommend budgeting between 0.5% to 1% of the home's value annually for unforeseen repairs and maintenance. This applies to any property you may consider.

Things will wear out, break down, and fail without warning. This is a normal part of home ownership.

This inspection was performed in accordance with the most recent CAHPI Standards of Practice.

NOTE: ALL ELECTRICAL ISSUES ARE CONSIDERED PRIORITY ITEMS.

NOTE: THE TERM 'MINOR' GENERALLY REFERS TO COSTS UNDER \$1000.

NOTE: FOR DIRECTIONAL PURPOSES, "FRONT" OF HOUSE IS REFERENCED AS FACING THE FRONT DOOR

FROM THE OUTSIDE.

During a home inspection, we evaluate all visible systems and components. Hundreds of potential minor issues exist in every home old or new. This inspection is not a technical audit. (A technical audit can be performed at an additional cost.)

The focus of this inspection was to identify major issues with major systems and components.

For clarity, major issues generally fall into four categories:

- 1) OBSERVABLE STRUCTURAL DEFECTS
- 2) OBSERVABLE WATER LEAKAGE OR DAMAGE -- Roofing, Plumbing, and Basement.

Report No. 8551, v.3

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

www.inspectionpros.ca STRUCTURE COOLING INSULATION SUMMARY ROOFING **EXTERIOR HEATING** PLUMBING INTERIOR MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

- 3) OBSERVABLE ELECTRICAL DEFECTS
- 4) LIFESPAN SYSTEMS -- Roof Covering, Heating, Cooling, Windows

Disclaimer / Note to prospective buyers: This inspection report was performed for our client(s) named on this report. No liability is assumed for third parties reviewing this report. An onsite review must be arranged if you are a buyer, including signature on our inspection agreement. By relying on this report without our onsite review, you agree to waive all rights.

For approximate cost guidance on common home components, click here:

http://www.inspectionlibrary.com/costs.htm

Electrical

SERVICE DROP AND SERVICE ENTRANCE \ Service drop

Condition: • Height over balcony

Wiring is within reach.

Implication(s): Electric shock

Location: Front Second Floor Exterior Balcony

Task: Further evaluation / Correct

Time: As Soon As Possible

This concludes the Summary section.

The remainder of the report describes each of the home's systems and also details any recommendations we have for improvements. Limitations that restricted our inspection are included as well.

The suggested time frames for completing recommendations are based on the limited information available during a home inspection. These may have to be adjusted based on the findings of specialists.

http://www.inspectionlibrary.com/wtgw.htm

www.inspectionpros.ca

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING PLUMBING INSULATION PLUM

Descriptions

Sloped roofing material:

• Asphalt shingles



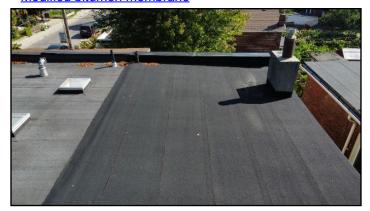
1. Asphalt shingles



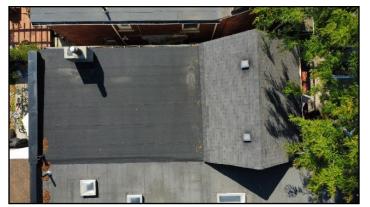
2. Asphalt shingles

Flat roofing material:

• Modified bitumen membrane



3. Modified bitumen membrane



4. Roof view from drone

Approximate age: • Flat roof replaced 2024, per seller. Sloped roof replaced approximately 2015, per seller.

Typical life expectancy: • 15-25 years

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • All Roofing issues have POTENTIAL worst-case implications such as damage to contents, structure and/or finishes.

RECOMMENDATIONS \ Overview

Condition: • Annual roof tune-ups are recommended to find and repair damage to roofing materials, flashings and caulking. Roof tune-ups reduce the risk of leaks and resulting water damage and help extend the service life of the roof.

Location: Exterior Roof **Task**: Inspect annually

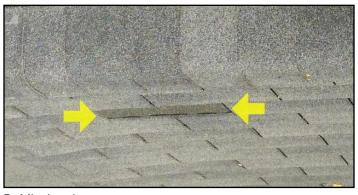
Time: Ongoing

SLOPED ROOFING \ Asphalt shingles

Condition: • Missing, loose or torn **Location**: Front Left Exterior Roof

Task: Repair (one shingle) **Time**: Less than 1 years

Cost: Minor



5. Missing, loose or torn

Inspection Methods and Limitations

General and Best Practices: • Most roofs are susceptible to ice damming under the right weather conditions. This is where ice forms at the lower edge of a sloped roof, causing melting water from above to back up under the shingles. We cannot predict which roofs will suffer the most damage under adverse weather • • Roof replacement best practices - Strip Roof Covering when replacing. When replacing a roof covering, it is best practice to remove the old layer before installing the new one. While adding a new layer over the existing roof is sometimes done to reduce costs, it can conceal damaged roof boards, flashings, or other components. Installing a third layer is not recommended. Hidden defects are often only discovered during the tear-off process.

Inspection performed: • With a drone • From balcony or deck

Age determined by: • Reported by seller

EXTERIOR Report No. 8551, v.3

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SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

General: • The exterior has been well maintained overall • The exterior of the home is in good condition overall

Gutter & downspout material: • Aluminum

Gutter & downspout material: • Soffits, gutters and downspouts reported replaced in 2024, per seller.

Gutter & downspout discharge: • Above grade

Lot slope: • Away from building • Flat

Wall surfaces and trim: • Exposed Aggregate Panel Cladding.

The finish appears in good condition.

Wall surfaces - masonry: • Stone

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • All Exterior issues noted have POTENTIAL worst-case implications such as damage to contents, structure and/or finishes, personal safety, shortened life expectancy of materials, and material deterioration

WALLS \ Flashings and caulking

Condition: • FOR ALL HOMES - Caulking around windows, doors, and wall penetrations should be inspected regularly and improved as needed to prevent moisture entry and air leakage.

WALLS \ Masonry (brick, stone) and concrete

Condition: • FOR ALL HOMES - Most masonry walls have small cracks due to shrinkage or minor settlement. These will not be individually noted in the report, unless leakage, building movement or similar problems are noted

PORCHES, DECKS, STAIRS, PATIOS AND BALCONIES \ Handrails and guards

Condition: • Various hand and guard rail recommendations:

- · Railing at side of patio loose
- Railing not secured to wall
- · Guard rail at walkout loose not properly fastened to ground
- Openings at guard and hand rails larger than modern requirements. Improve when practical
- Handrail missing at basement walkout provide handrail

Implication(s): Safety hazards

Location: Rear Exterior Guards and Handrails at Patio and Basement Walkout

Task: Improve / Upgrade / Secure

Time: Regular maintenance / As required

Cost: Regular maintenance

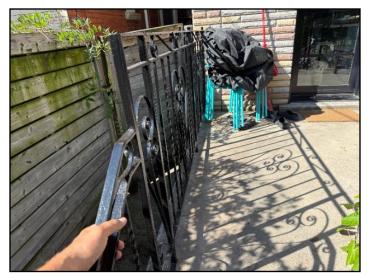
EXTERIOR

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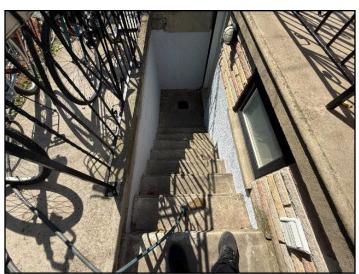
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SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

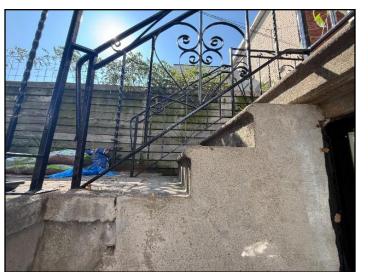
MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE



6. loose



7. Not secured to wall



8. missing handrail

9. large openings

BASEMENT WALKOUTS \ General notes

Condition: • Door threshold missing, too low, not watertight

Location: Rear Basement Exterior

Task: Monitor for moisture / water intrusion and improve when necessary

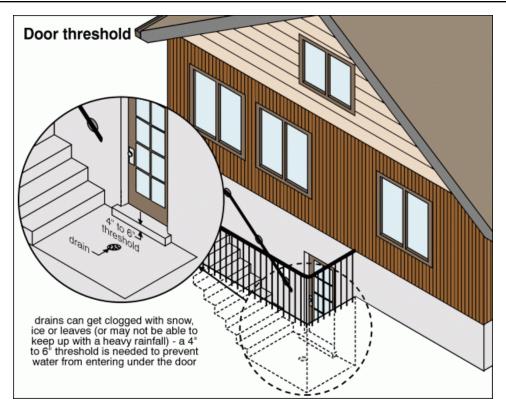
EXTERIOR

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

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SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE





10. Door threshold too low

LANDSCAPING \ Lot grading

Condition: • FOR ALL HOMES - During rainfall, walk the perimeter of the home to observe whether any areas allow water to drain toward the foundation. Improve grading in those areas as needed to promote proper drainage away from the structure.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE \ Comments \ Additional

Condition: • The following are minor exterior deficiencies and upkeep items noted during the inspection. These are

EXTERIOR

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SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

common for the age of the home and should be addressed through routine maintenance to reduce risk of deterioration or moisture intrusion:

- Keep tree branches trimmed back 3 feet from roof line.
- Gutters debris in some areas clean as part of routine maintenance.
- Vent damaged right side replace as part of routine maintenance
- Gap where gas meter enters from wall seal with caulking
- Window sill minor cracks or mortar missing Rear second floor exterior window sill Patch

Location: Exterior

Task: Repair or Replace or Improve or Monitor **Time**: Regular maintenance / Routine upkeep



11. Seal gap



12.

Report No. 8551, v.3 **EXTERIOR**

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

www.inspectionpros.ca ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL

APPENDIX REFERENCE

SUMMARY



13. Patch sill cracks

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Upper floors inspected from: • Ground level

Not included as part of a building inspection: • Underground components (e.g., oil tanks, septic fields, underground drainage systems)

STRUCTURE Report No. 8551, v.3

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025 www.inspectionpros.ca

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

General: • No significant structural performance issues were observed in visible areas.

Configuration: • Basement

Foundation material: • Foundation is concealed by aggregate at the exterior and finished surfaces at the interior. Homes built during this era were typically constructed with stone foundations, though concrete block or brick may also have been used. Exact foundation type could not be confirmed due to limited visibility.

Floor construction: • Joists • Subfloor - plank

Exterior wall construction:

• Not visible

Due to panelized cladding.

Roof and ceiling framing: • Rafters

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • All Structure issues have POTENTIAL worst-case implications such as damage to contents, structure and/or finishes, and personal safety.

FOUNDATIONS \ General notes

Condition: • Basement lowered

For your information only - basement has been lowered in the past using bench footing method, which is one of the common methods used.

If you would like more information, click the blue hyperlink.

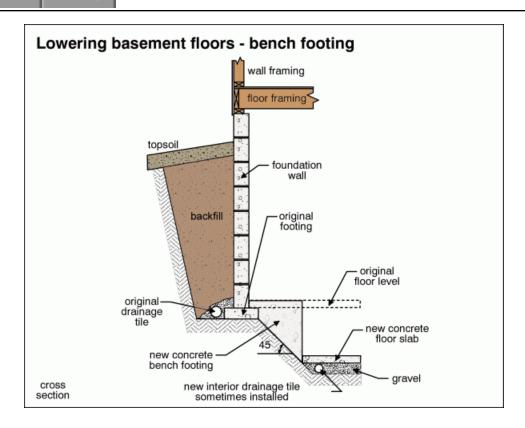
Location: Basement

Task: For Your Information

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE



Condition: • Typical Minor Cracks - Block, Brick, Stone

Almost all houses with concrete block, brick or stone foundations have minor settlement and/or cracks. Monitor all cracks for movement and nuisance water leakage. Repair cracks only if necessary

Implication(s): Damage to contents, finishes and/or structure / Nuisance

Location: Various Exterior Wall

Task: Monitor / Repair **Time**: Ongoing / If necessary

ROOF FRAMING \ Sheathing (roof/attic)

Condition: • Water stains - Attic plank boards

Discoloration or water staining was noted on the plank board sheathing in the attic. This is a very common and typical observation in older / century old homes and is typically the result of historical moisture exposure from past minor leaks or condensation.

No action needed at this time.

Location: Various Attic

Task: For Your Information - No action needed

STRUCTURE Report No. 8551, v.3

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Finishes, insulation, furnishings and storage conceal structural components.

Attic/roof space: • Inspected from access hatch

Percent of foundation not visible: • 99 %

Not included as part of a building inspection: • An opinion about the adequacy of structural components

 $\textbf{Not included as part of a building inspection: } \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of any prior remediations including mold and / or } \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of any prior remediations including mold and / or } \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of any prior remediations including mold and / or } \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of any prior remediations including mold and / or } \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of any prior remediations including mold and / or } \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of any prior remediations including mold and / or } \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of any prior remediations} \bullet \textbf{The adequacy of a prior remediation$

asbestos.

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

General: • ALL ELECTRICAL CONDITIONS ARE CONSIDERED PRIORITY ITEMS

Service entrance cable and location: • Overhead - cable type not determined

Service size: • 100 Amps (240 Volts)

Main disconnect/service box type and location: • Breakers - basement

System grounding material and type: • Copper - water pipe

Distribution panel type and location:

• Breakers - basement



14. Breakers - basement

Distribution panel rating: • 125 Amps

Distribution wire (conductor) material and type: • Copper - non-metallic sheathed

Type and number of outlets (receptacles): • Grounded - upgraded

Circuit interrupters: Ground Fault (GFCI) & Arc Fault (AFCI): • GFCI - bathroom and exterior

Smoke alarms (detectors): • Present

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • ALL ELECTRICAL recommendations are safety-related. POTENTIAL worst-case implications include fire and shock hazards. Treat them as high-priority items and assume the time frame is Immediate / As soon as possible unless otherwise noted.

SERVICE DROP AND SERVICE ENTRANCE \ Service drop

Condition: • <u>Height over balcony</u>

Wiring is within reach.

Implication(s): Electric shock

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Location: Front Second Floor Exterior Balcony

Task: Further evaluation / Correct **Time**: As Soon As Possible



15. Height over balcony

SERVICE BOX, GROUNDING AND PANEL \ Panel wires

Condition: • White wires connected to breakers not identified as hot/live/ungrounded

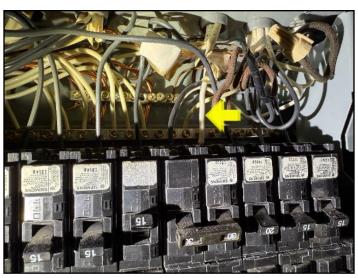
White wire used as hot wire not marked

Location: Basement Panel

Task: Correct

Time: Less than 1 year

Cost: Minor



16. White wires connected to breakers not...

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM \ Knob-and-tube wiring (wires)

Condition: • INACTIVE knob-and-tube remnants observed.

ELECTRICAL

Report No. 8551, v.3

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

www.inspectionpros.ca ROOFING STRUCTURE COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Remnants of inactive knob-and-tube wiring were observed in the furnace room and attic. These wires have been cut and are no longer in use. The visible electrical wiring throughout the home appears substantially updated.

For you information only - no further action needed.

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM \ Outlets (receptacles)

Condition: • Loose

Location: Various second floor bedrooms

Task: Correct

Time: As Soon As Possible Cost: Regular maintenance

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM \ Smoke alarms (detectors)

Condition: • General safety reminder for ALL homes -

This is a standard note included in every inspection report:

Smoke and carbon monoxide (CO) detectors should be installed on every floor level. Smoke detectors should be located near all sleeping areas, and CO detectors should be present near fuel-burning appliances, fireplaces, or attached garages.

These devices are not tested during the home inspection. Regardless of visible condition, detectors should be tested regularly and replaced every 10 years. If the age is unknown, replacement is recommended as a precaution. Batteries should be changed annually.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

General: • The electrical system has been upgraded at some point. Knob and Tube wiring was the typical wiring used in homes built prior to 1950.

Remnants of INACTIVE knob and tube wiring was observed in some areas. Remove when practical.

System ground: • Quality of ground not determined

Report No. 8551, v.3 **HEATING**

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

www.inspectionpros.ca SUMMARY ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING INSULATION PLUMBING

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

Heating system type: • Furnace

Fuel/energy source: • Gas

Heat distribution: • Ducts and registers Approximate capacity: • 80,000 BTU/hr

Efficiency: • High-efficiency Approximate age: • 10 years

Typical life expectancy: • Furnace (high efficiency) 15 to 20 years

Main fuel shut off at: • Meter

Auxiliary heat:

• Radiant floor heating (hot water)



17. Radiant floor heating (hot water)

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Safety devices: • Not tested as part of a building inspection

Heat loss calculations: • Not done as part of a building inspection

Heat exchanger: • Not visible

COOLING & HEAT PUMP

Report No. 8551, v.3

www.inspectionpros.ca

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025 ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

Air conditioning type: • Air cooled Cooling capacity: • 24,000 BTU/hr

Compressor approximate age: • 7 years Typical life expectancy: • 10 to 15 years

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • In general, air conditioning units have a lifespan of 10-15 years but often last longer with regular servicing.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE \ Comments \ Additional

Condition: • Routine servicing to maintain comfort, improve energy efficiency, and prevent breakdowns:

A/C fins dirty - clean annually (never power wash)

Location: Various

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Heat gain/loss calculations: • Not done as part of a building inspection

INSULATION AND VENTILATION

Report No. 8551, v.3

www.inspectionpros.ca

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025 ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL INSULATION PLUMBING MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

Attic/roof insulation material:

• Glass fiber

New glass fiber bats over top of the original mineral rock wool

Attic/roof insulation amount/value: • R-40 to R-50

Attic/roof air/vapor barrier: • None found • Spot Checked Only

Attic/roof ventilation: • Roof and soffit vents

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ Overview

Condition: • No insulation recommendations are offered as a result of this inspection.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by lack of access to: • Walls, which were spot checked only

Attic inspection performed: • From access hatch

Roof ventilation system performance: • Not evaluated

Air/vapor barrier system: • Continuity not verified

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

General: • Several components have been updated

Service piping into building: • Copper

Supply piping in building: • PEX (cross-linked Polyethylene)

Main water shut off valve at the:

· Main water shut off valve - Basement



18. Main water shut off valve - Basement

Water flow and pressure: • Functional

Water heater type: • Tankless/On demand
Water heater fuel/energy source: • Gas

Water heater tank capacity: • Tankless / Instantaneous

Water heater approximate age:

• 6 years

Based on date on gas tag. The data plate was not accessible.

Water heater typical life expectancy: • 10 to 15 years

Waste and vent piping in building: • Plastic

Pumps: • Sump pump

Floor drain location: • Near heating system

www.inspectionpros.ca COOLING INSULATION ROOFING STRUCTURE **PLUMBING**

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • All Plumbing issues have POTENTIAL worst-case implications of water damage to contents, finishes and/or structure, no hot or cold water, leakage, possible hidden damage, health hazards.

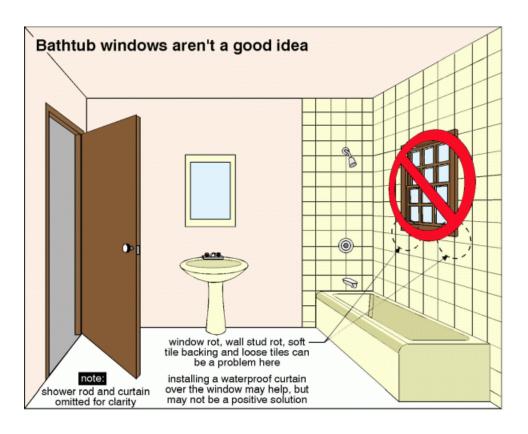
FIXTURES AND FAUCETS \ Bathtub enclosure

Condition: • Unprotected window

Windows in bathtub area were common when this house was originally built. These windows are vulnerable to water damage. Shower Curtain can provide temporary protection. Ensure grout and caulking are maintained regularly

Location: Second Floor Bathroom

Task: Protect Time: Ongoing



FIXTURES AND FAUCETS \ Toilet

Condition: • Loose

Implication(s): Chance of water damage to structure, finishes and contents | Sewage entering the building | Possible

hidden damage

Location: Second Floor Bathroom

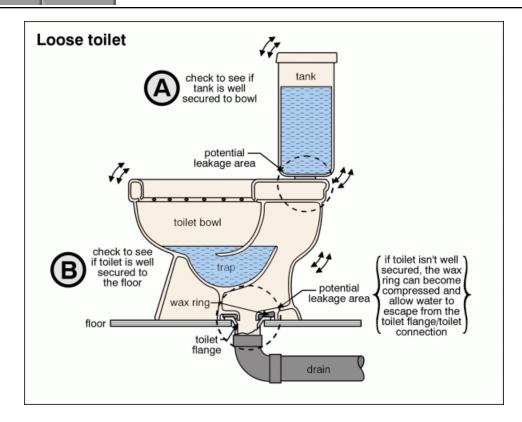
Task: Correct

Time: As Soon As Possible Cost: Regular maintenance item

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SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE



Inspection Methods and Limitations

Items excluded from a building inspection: • Water quality • Isolating/relief valves & main shut-off valve • Concealed plumbing • Tub/sink overflows • Water treatment equipment • Tub and basin overflows are not tested as part of a home inspection. Leakage at the overflows is a common problem.

INTERIOR Report No. 8551, v.3

127 Emerson Avenue, Toronto, ON September 11, 2025

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

General: • The interior of the home is in good condition overall. • Many interior components have been updated

Major wall and ceiling finishes: • Plaster/drywall • Stucco/texture/stipple

Windows: • Fixed • Single/double hung • Casement • Awning • All windows that were tested were functional

Windows: • Varying ages

Glazing:

• Double

• Primary plus storm

At covered porch

Exterior doors - type/material: • Hinged

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • All Interior issues have POTENTIAL worst-case implications such as damage to contents, structure and/or finishes, and personal safety.

Condition: • Typical minor flaws were noted on floors, walls and ceilings. These cosmetic issues reflect normal wear and tear. This can include worn or cracked flooring and blemishes on wall/ceilings

RECOMMENDATIONS \ Overview

Condition: • During our inspection, we look for evidence of basement moisture intrusion. We did not observe standing water or evidence of active moisture intrusion in visible areas on this particular day.

CEILINGS \ General notes

Condition: • Typical flaws

Various typical patchwork. All dry at time of inspection.

Location: Various

Task: No further action required

WINDOWS \ General notes

Condition: • Varying window styles and ages noted. Windows throughout the home are have been replaced within past 10 years. Single hung windows at covered porch area are aging but functional.

Task: For Your Information

WINDOWS \ Glass (glazing)

Condition: • Lost seal on double or triple glazing

Replacement window present. Will replace prior to closing.

Location: Second floor bedroom

Task: Seller will replace window - for your information

STAIRS \ Handrails and quards

Condition: • Missing

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

MORE INFO APPENDIX REFERENCE

Implication(s): Fall hazard

Location: Staircases near top of runs

Task: Provide Handrails **Time**: Less than 1 year

Cost: Minor



19. one example

BASEMENT \ Leakage

Condition: • ***FOR FUTURE REFERENCE*** GENERAL ADVICE FOR ALL HOMES IF BASEMENT LEAKAGE IS EVER OBSERVED

Basement Leakage 4-step method. Almost every basement (and crawlspace) leaks under the right conditions. Based on a one-time visit, it is impossible to know how often or severe leaks may be. While we look for evidence of past leakage during our inspection, this is often not a good indicator of current conditions. Exterior conditions such as poorly performing gutters and downspouts, and ground sloping down toward the house often cause basement leakage problems. To summarize, wet basement issues can be addressed in 4 steps: 1. First, ensure gutters and downspouts carry roof run-off away from the home. (relatively low cost) 2. If problems persist, slope the ground (including walks, patios and driveways) to direct water away from the home. (Low cost if done by homeowner. Higher cost if done by contractor or if driveways, patios and expensive landscaping are disturbed.) 3. If the problem is not resolved and the foundation is poured concrete, seal any leaking cracks and form-tie holes from the inside. (A typical cost is \$500 to \$600 per crack or \$300 per hole.) 4. As a last resort, dampproof the exterior of the foundation, provide a drainage membrane and add/repair perimeter drainage tile. (High cost)

BASEMENT \ Cold room/Root cellar

Condition: • Combustible insulation exposed

Removal preferred as drywall over insulation in cold room increases risk of condensation problems.

Implication(s): Increased fire hazard Location: Basement Cold Room Ceiling

Task: Protect with fire retardant(drywall) or Remove

Time: As Soon As Possible **Cost**: Depends on approach

SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

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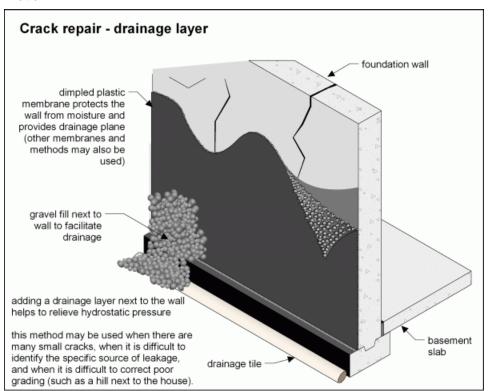
20. Combustible insulation exposed

BASEMENT \ Wet basements - corrective action noted

Condition: • Recent exterior excavation Seller-reported waterproofing upgrades.

Seller reported that the foundation was excavated and waterproofed on the exterior, and that an interior drainage membrane (dimple board) and sump pump system were installed. These are considered positive waterproofing upgrades that can help reduce the risk of future water infiltration.

Location: Basement **Task**: For Your Information



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21. Interior dimple drainage membrane

BASEMENT \ Wet basements - vulnerability

Condition: • Typical of many homes with stone, brick, or block foundations, some moisture can be expected from time to time and is not unusual. Exterior grading and water management improvements are generally effective at reducing basement moisture. A dehumidifier can also be used to keep humidity levels down.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

General: • Up until about 1985, Asbestos was used in a multitude of building materials including but not limited to: Insulation on hydronic piping, attic insulation, flooring and ceiling tiles, stucco / stipple ceilings, glue, insulation around heating ducts and registers, plaster and so on. Identification of asbestos is outside the scope of a home inspection. If you have concerns about asbestos, consult with a professional environmental company that specializes with asbestos lab testing. If you plan to remove/disturb any building material, testing for asbestos is recommended beforehand. • New and newly renovated homes often require time for systems to be tested by everyday use before performance issues arise. Our inspection is visual only and cannot assess installations and quality of workmanship that is hidden from view.

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Storage/furnishings • New finishes/paint • Storage in closets and cabinets / cupboards

Not included as part of a building inspection: • Carbon monoxide alarms (detectors), security systems, central vacuum Cosmetic issues • Appliances • Perimeter drainage tile around foundation, if any • We have none to very little historical data on the property in question. We are unaware of any past or current municipal construction permits, that may or may not have been applied for, fulfilled, inspected or pending and make no representation in this regard.

Cosmetics: • No comment offered on cosmetic finishes

Appliances: • Appliances are not inspected as part of a building inspection • Appliances are not moved during an inspection

Percent of foundation not visible: • 99 %

Basement leakage: • Storage in basement limited inspection • Basement leakage is common. Most basements will experience leakage at some point. We cannot predict future occurrence or extent of basement leakage • Monitor the

INTERIOR

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basement for leaks in the Spring.

Environmental issues are outside the scope of a home inspection: • The evaluation of Mold is outside the scope of a home inspection. If the appearance of mold is observed during the normal procedure of the home inspection, it will be noted for further evaluation. If mold is not observed, it does not mean it is not present. It may be in an area that was not observed during the inspection.

STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL

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SUMMARY	ROOFING	EXTERIOR	STRUCTURE	ELECTRICAL	HEATING	COOLING	INSULATION	PLUMBING	INTERIOR
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Descriptions

GOOD ADVICE FOR ALL HOMEOWNERS: • The following items apply to all homes and explain how to prevent and correct some common problems.

Roof Leaks: • Roofs may leak at any time. Leaks often appear at roof penetrations, flashings, changes in direction or changes in material. A roof leak should be addressed promptly to avoid damage to the structure, interior finishes and furnishings. A roof leak does not necessarily mean the roof has to be replaced.

Annual Roof Maintenance: • We recommend an annual inspection and tune-up to minimize the risk of leakage and to maximize the life of your roof.

Ice Dams on Roofs: • <u>Most roofs are susceptible to ice dams under the right weather conditions. This is where ice forms</u> at the lower edge of a sloped roof, causing melting water from above to back up under the shingles. We cannot predict which roofs will suffer the most damage under adverse weather.

Maintaining the Exterior of Your Home: • Regular maintenance includes painting and caulking of all exterior wood. • To manage water drainage around the exterior, ensure that grading (ground) is maintained with a positive slope away from the home and extend any downspouts away from walls and all building components.

Insulation Amounts - Current Standards: • Attic current standards as of 2016 is R-60

Reduce Air Leaks: • Insulation is not effective if air (and the heat that goes with it) can escape from the home. Caulking and weather-stripping help control air leakage, improving comfort while reducing energy consumption and costs. Air leakage control improvements are inexpensive and provide a high return on investment.

Bathtub and Shower Maintenance: • Caulking and grout in bathtubs and showers should be checked every six months and improved as necessary to prevent leakage and damage behind wall surfaces.

Basement/Crawlspace Leakage: • Almost every basement (and crawlspace) leaks under the right conditions.

Supplementary Information: • Renovations / Remodeling has often been performed on the properties we inspect. Obtaining contractor documentation and/or permits is recommended.

Standards of Practice: • This document sets out what a professional home inspection should include, and guides the activities of our inspectors.

This inspection was performed in accordance with the most recent CAHPI Standards of Practice. Click the blue link above to view the full document.

END OF REPORT

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SUMMARY ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR

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This is a copy of our home inspection contract and outlines the terms,

limitations and conditions of the home inspection

THIS CONTRACT LIMITS THE LIABILITY OF THE HOME INSPECTION COMPANY AND INSPECTOR.

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE SIGNING.

The Inspection of this property is subject to the Limitations and Conditions set out in this Agreement. It is based on a visual examination of the readily accessible features of the building. The Inspection is performed in accordance with the Standards of Practice of the Ontario Association of Home Inspectors. A copy of these Standards is available at http://www.oahi.com/webdocs/StandardsofPractice-OAHI-Rev.pdf.

The Home Inspector's report is an opinion of the present condition of the property. The Inspection and report are not a guarantee, warranty or an insurance policy with regards to the property. A Home Inspector cannot predict future deficiencies, intermittent problems or future water leakage.

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH: Due to the unpredictable nature of basement water leakage, a home inspector cannot predict future basement leakage. Almost all basements will leak at some point so there is a very good chance that it will happen. Basement leakage can occur for any number of reasons - Rainfall, sewer backup, high water tables, lot grading, clogged weeping tiles, gutter and downspout performance, just to name a few. The home inspector and The Inspection Professionals accepts no responsibility or liability for future basement water problems.

The inspection report is for the exclusive use of the client named above. No use of the information by any other party is intended. See item 8 below.

LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS OF THE HOME INSPECTION

These Limitations and Conditions explain the scope of your Home Inspection. Please read them carefully before signing this Agreement.

The purpose of your Home Inspection is to evaluate the general condition of a property. This includes determining whether systems are still performing their intended functions.

There are limitations to the scope of this Inspection. It provides a general overview of the more obvious repairs that may be needed. It is not intended to be an exhaustive list. The ultimate decision of what to repair or replace is yours. One homeowner may decide that certain conditions require repair or replacement, while another will not.

1. The Home Inspection provides you with a basic overview of the condition of the property. Because your Home Inspector has only a limited amount of time to go through the property, the Inspection is not technically exhaustive. If you have concerns about any of the conditions noted, please consult the text that is referenced in the report.

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> Some conditions noted, such as foundation cracks or other signs of settling in a house, may either be cosmetic or may indicate a potential structural problem that is beyond the scope of the Home Inspection.

> If you are concerned about any conditions noted in the report, we strongly recommend that you consult a qualified licensed contractor or engineering specialist. These professionals can provide a more detailed analysis of any conditions noted in the report at an additional cost.

2. A Home Inspection does not include identifying defects that are hidden behind walls, floors or ceilings. This includes wiring, structure, plumbing and insulation that is hidden or inaccessible.

Some intermittent conditions may not be obvious on a Home Inspection because they only happen under certain circumstances. As an example, your Home Inspector may not discover leaks that occur only during certain weather conditions or when a specific tap or appliance is being used in everyday life.

Home Inspectors will not find conditions that may only be visible when storage or furniture is moved. Inspectors do not remove wall coverings, including wallpaper, or lift flooring, including carpet to look underneath.

A Home Inspection is a sampling exercise with respect to house components that are numerous, such as bricks, windows and electrical receptacles. As a result, some conditions that are visible may go un-reported.

3. The Inspection does not include hazardous materials that may be in or behind the walls, floors or ceilings of the property, whether visible or not. This includes building materials that are now suspected of posing a risk to health such as phenol-formaldehyde and urea-formaldehyde based products, fiberglass insulation and vermiculite insulation. The Inspector does not identify asbestos roofing, siding, wall, ceiling or floor finishes, insulation or fire proofing. We do not look for lead or other toxic metals in such things as pipes, paint or window coverings.

The Inspection does not deal with environmental hazards such as the past use of insecticides, fungicides, herbicide's or pesticides. The Inspector does not look for, or comment on, the past use of chemical termite treatments in or around the property.

We are not responsible for and do not comment on the quality of air in a building. The Inspector does not try to determine if there are irritants, pollutants, contaminants, or toxic materials in or around the building. The Inspection does not include spores, fungus, mold or mildew including that which may be concealed behind walls or under floors, for example. You should note that whenever there is water damage, there is a possibility that visible or concealed mold or mildew may be present unseen behind a wall, floor or ceiling.

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If anyone in the home suffers from allergies or heightened sensitivity to quality of air, we strongly recommend that you consult a qualified Environmental Consultant who can test for toxic materials, mold and allergens.

- 5. Your Home Inspector does not look for, and is not responsible for, fuel oil, septic or gasoline tanks that may be buried on the property. If fuel oil or other storage tanks remain on the property, you may be responsible for their removal and the safe disposal of any contaminated soil. If you suspect there is a buried tank, we strongly recommend that you retain a qualified Environmental Consultant to determine whether this is a potential problem.
- 6. We will have no liability for any claim or complaint if conditions have been disturbed, altered, repaired, replaced, or otherwise changed before we have had a reasonable period of time to investigate.
- 7. The Client understands and agrees to be bound by each and every provision of this contract. The Client has the authority to bind any other family members or other interested parties to this Contract.
- 8. REPORT IS FOR OUR CLIENT ONLY. The inspection report is for the exclusive use of the client named herein. The client may provide the report to prospective buyers, at their own discretion. Potential buyers are required to obtain their own Onsite Review with The Inspection Professionals if they intend to rely on this report. The Inspection Professionals will not be responsible for the use of or reliance upon this Report by any third party without an Onsite Review and transfer of report to client after they have agreed to our inspection agreement.
- 9. The liability of the Home Inspector (and the Home Inspection Company) arising out of this Inspection and Report, for any cause of action whatsoever, whether in contract or in negligence, is limited to a refund of the fees that you have been charged for this inspection

REFERENCE LIBRARY

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The links below connect you to a series of documents that will help you understand your home and how it works. These are in addition to links attached to specific items in the report.

Click on any link to read about that system.

- 01. ROOFING, FLASHINGS AND CHIMNEYS
- 02. EXTERIOR
- 03. STRUCTURE
- 04. ELECTRICAL
- 05. HEATING
- 06. COOLING/HEAT PUMPS
- 07. INSULATION
- 08. PLUMBING
- 09. INTERIOR
- 10. APPLIANCES
- 11. LIFE CYCLES AND COSTS
- 12. SUPPLEMENTARY

Asbestos

Radon

Urea Formaldehyde Foam Insulation (UFFI)

Lead

Carbon Monoxide

Mold

Household Pests

Termites and Carpenter Ants

- 13. HOME SET-UP AND MAINTENANCE
- 14. MORE ABOUT HOME INSPECTIONS